Date: January 12, 2005

COMMON OPERATING PICTURE FOR NORTHERN SUMATRA

UNCLASSIFIED

Health Situation, IDP Locations, and US Government Assistance

Note:
District level boundary lines are currently being updated for the next series of map products.

Sources:
Government of Indonesia, 10 January 2005
UN Office for Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, 10 January 2005
World Health Organization, 11 January 2005
International Federation of Red Cross, 11 January 2005
US Agency for International Development, 12 January 2005

	Areas Affected	Damage	Displaced	Injured	Missing	Deaths
Indonesia	Aceh: Districts (14 out of 21); 1 million people	172 sub-districts, 1550 villages, and 21,659 houses destroyed	605,849	1,443 hospitalized	10,078	113,306

WHO reports: no disease outbreaks, measles immunization campaigns have commenced. Tetanus and waterborne diseases remain a concern.

OCHA/HIC Assessments 10 Jan.
IDPs by District:
Aceh Besar: 107,740 IDPs
Aceh Barat: 56,497 IDPs
Pidie: 55,099 IDPs
Banda Aceh: 27,500 IDPs
Bireuen: 23,550 IDPs
Aceh Tengah: 3,454 IDPs
Aceh Timur: 1,849 IDPs

WHO-Assessed Health Needs
Medical and surgical treatment of injuries
Access to safe water supply
Disease surveillance
Mental health trauma
Health infrastructure reconstruction

Sigli: Camps with 20,500 IDPs

Lhokseumawe: Camps with 3,456 IDPs

Lamno: Eight camps with approximately 14,000 people.

USS Abraham Lincoln

Starting 31 Dec, USS Abraham Lincoln Carrier Strike Group 9 (ALCSG-9) and USS Bonhomme Richard Expeditionary Strike Group 5 (ESG-5) began conducting airlift, sealift and medical missions in support of relief operations along the western coast of Banda Aceh. ALCSG-9 responsible for area from the northern tip of Aceh to Meulaboh in the south. ESG-5 is responsible from Meulaboh to an area approximately 60 miles to the south.

Teunom: Camps with 7,000 IDPs

Cot Seulamat: USAID/Disaster Assistance Reponse Team (DART) assessed village of 250 residents plus 200 IDPs.

USS Bonhomme Richard

Meulaboh: Four IDP camps with estimated population of 46,000.

Meulaboh: Only one functional hospital remains on the outskirts of the city, reportedly supported by MSF, with one emergency room, one surgical suite and one inpatient ward of 20 beds. Field hospitals are being deployed by the French army. Basic sanitation infrastructure is severely disrupted and safe water must be distributed from centralized points.

Langsa: Camps with 10,227 IDPs

Earthquake Epicenter

26 Dec: A great earthquake occurred at 00:58:50 (UTC) on December 26, 2004. The epicenter of the magnitude 8.9 event was located at 3.298 N, 95.779 E, 250 km (155 miles) SSE of Banda Aceh, Sumatra, Indonesia. The quake generated a 10-meter-high tsunami hitting the northwest coast of Northern Sumatra.

USAID Assistance:
As of 12 January, USAID had committed over $31 million in assitance to Indonesia. In the health sector, assistance included grants to IFRC/Indonesian Red Cross, UNICEF, World Health Organization, International Organization of Migration, International Medical Corps, Church World Service, Save the Children/US, CARE, Mercy Corps, Johns Hopkins University, the Naval Medical Research Unit, and International Relief and Development.

Regional Map and Airport Staging Locations

Names and boundary information are not necessarily authoritative.

Earthquake epicenter
Province
District
City/Town
Village
Road
Railroad
Perennial/Permanent river
Non-Perennial/Intermittent/Fluctuating
Perennial/Permanent body of water
US Navy vessels

Airfields
Civil Airfield
Joint Mil/Civ Airport
Military Airfield
Airfield (few facilities)
Unusable
Heliport

Hospital Status
Limited
Operational

0 15 30 60 Kilometers

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